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André Michaud

Electromagnetic Mechanics of Elementary Particles

2nd Edition

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*“A photon is a shimmering butterfly
escaping from the chrysalis of the atom”*

Pierre Rousseau, 1941

ELECTROMAGNETIC MECHANICS OF ELEMENTARY PARTICLES

2nd Edition

Preface to the Second Edition

Through the ages, the various aspects of the world in which we live were progressively understood as our knowledge base increased. The submicroscopic level of physical reality was particularly difficult to explore, due to the inherent difficulty in studying the nature and interactions of the vanishingly small particles that we know every material object observable in our macroscopic world is built from.

Deep understanding has been achieved regarding many aspects of these particles and their interactions, which resulted in successful and useful applications at our macroscopic level grounded on this understanding. Aspects at first glance unrelated of this understanding, such as electromagnetism and relativistic mechanics that underlie much of our modern technology are even so closely related that Maxwell's equations and relativistic mechanics equations can be derived from each other, as will be shown in Chapter 5.

Other aspects seem less closely integrated, but there is no doubt either that Quantum Electrodynamics (QED) and Quantum Mechanics (QM), for example, belong to the proven set, the first because it provides exact values for electric interaction between elementary charged particles, and the second because it provides the proper shapes of the resonance volumes that electrons can occupy in atoms' least action orbitals.

There remains also no more doubt that elementary charged particle are electromagnetic in nature and are closely related to kinetic energy. Their electric and magnetic characteristics have been associated to "fields representations" since Gauss introduced the concept in the 19th's century, that we use like "metaphorical maps" to represent this real "physically existing submicroscopic country" that elusively remains out of our direct observation reach.

Although Maxwell's equations define both electric and magnetic fields as cyclically inducing each other, it has not proved possible yet to coherently represent this cyclic mutual induction within these localized elementary particles that we know to be "electro-magnetic" in nature, in the restricted frame of the 4-dimensional space geometry.

The last chapter of this second edition puts in perspective the manner in which a new trispatial geometry of space presented in July of 2000 at Congress-2000 at St Petersburg allows establishing a mechanics of elementary electromagnetic particles that integrates all conversion processes that are possible between kinetic

energy, electromagnetic energy and mass at the submicroscopic level, as well as the sequence of trispatial LC equations that coherently represents this cyclic inner mutual induction of both electric and magnetic aspects of kinetic energy within elementary particles.

This new geometry also draws attention to the fact that kinetic energy is adiabatically and permanently induced axially in electrons when captive within atomic structure, which is an energy state that the Hamiltonian, basic to quantum physics, and by the same token, the Lagrangian, are unable to account for when these electrons are translationally immobilized into one of these various least action electromagnetic equilibrium states, which correspond to the resonance states described by Quantum Mechanics. See Chapter 3 on this particular issue.

New awareness of the mass variation effect due to the presence of this adiabatically stabilized induced kinetic energy in atomic and nuclear structures as a function of the local intensity of the gravitational gradient also sheds an entirely new light on gravitation, because it can be demonstrated that these least action electromagnetic equilibrium states in atomic and nuclear structures that determine these energy levels also determine the local intensity of the gravitational gradient on top of determining the orbital resonance states revealed by Quantum Mechanics, thus unifying QM with gravitation.

This book explores the foundation of an electromagnetic mechanics of interactions between elementary particles that remains to be completed at the submicroscopic level and whose laws also apply by structure to both the macroscopic and the astronomical levels.

June 2017

André Michaud

TABLE OF CONTENTS

PREFACE TO THE SECOND EDITION	19
1 FOREWORD	
1.1 The Wave Function and the Real State of Physical Systems	21
1.2 Maxwell's Electromagnetic Wave Theory	23
1.3 Continuity vs Discontinuity	25
1.4 Defining the Fundamental Level of Physical Reality	28
2 THE FUNDAMENTAL PRINCIPLES	33
2.1 The Principle of Conservation of Energy	34
2.2 Adiabatic Processes	35
2.3 The Principle of Least Action and Entropy	38
3 LEAST ACTION ELECTROMAGNETIC EQUILIBRIUM STATES	
3.1 Electric vs Magnetic Interaction Laws	39
3.2 The Carrying Energy of Elementary Particles	43
3.3 The Stability of the Hydrogen Atom Mean Rest Orbital	45
3.4 Dependence of the "Relativistic Mass Increase" on Velocity versus Dependence of the "Adiabatic Mass Increase" on the Carrying Energy	48
3.5 Correlating the Frequencies of the Hydrogen Atom Components	50
3.5.1 Restricting the Wave Function Statistical Spread	53
3.6 The Creation of Point-Like Behaving Elementary Particles	56
3.7 Defining Acceleration	59
3.7.1 The Coulomb Force and Kinetic Energy	60
3.7.2 Least Action Stabilized Induced Carrying Kinetic Energy	61
3.8 Linking the Adiabatic Heat Increase with Depth in the Earth Mass with Atomic Orbitals Compression	66
3.9 Potential Uses of Adiabatic Energy Irreversibly Initially Induced	70
3.10 Production of Protons and Neutrons in Nature	74
3.11 Control and Use of Adiabatic Energy Produced by Initial Irreversible Acceleration Processes	76
3.12 Experimental Confirmation	77
3.12.1 First Experiment	77
3.12.2 Second Experiment	80
4 FIELD EQUATIONS FOR PHOTONS AND RELATIVISTIC FIELD EQUATIONS FOR MOVING MASSIVE PARTICLES	83
4.1 Energy Calculation by Spherical Integration	84
4.2 Defining a Local Magnetic Field for Isolated Photons	88
4.3 Defining a Local Electric Field for Isolated Photons	93
4.4 Confirming Conformity with Maxwell's Equations	96
4.5 Establishing the Theoretical Stationary Isotropic Volume of the Oscillating Kinetic Energy of a Localized Electromagnetic Particle	97

4.6 Defining the General Relativistic Magnetic Field Equation for Moving Massive Particles	102
4.7 Redefining the Lorentz Factor	105
4.8 Defining the General Relativistic Electric Field Equation for Moving Massive Particles.....	107
4.9 Conclusion.....	109
5 FROM CLASSICAL TO RELATIVISTIC MECHANICS VIA MAXWELL	
5.1 The Contribution of the Magnetic Aspect of an Electron to Its Mass.....	111
5.2 Newton's Non-Relativistic Kinetic Equation.....	114
5.3 The Magnetic Component of an Electron's Mass.....	114
5.4 The Electron Rest Magnetic Mass	115
5.5 The Classical Electron Kinetic Energy as a Ratio	116
5.6 Ratio of Unidirectional Kinetic Energy over Magnetic Energy of the Electron in Motion	116
5.7 Rectifying the Unbalanced Electromagnetic Version of Newton's Equation.....	117
5.8 General Relativistic Velocities Equation from Carrying Energy.....	122
5.9 Relativistic Mass from Carrying Energy.....	124
5.10 Relativistic Equation Valid for Photons and Massive Particles.....	126
5.11 General Relativistic Velocities Equation from Wavelengths	128
5.12 Deriving the Special Relativity Relativistic Mass Equation and the Lorentz Factor from an Electromagnetic Equation.....	130
5.13 Synchronizing the Electromagnetic Relativistic Equations with the Corresponding Special Relativity Equations	133
5.14 Momentum, the Hamiltonian and the Lagrangian	136
5.14.1 The Submicroscopic Momentum Disconnect.....	136
5.14.2 Diabatic and Adiabatic processes	138
5.14.3 Repairing the Submicroscopic Momentum Disconnect	140
5.15 Conclusion.....	141
6 THE DE BROGLIE DOUBLE PARTICLE PHOTON	143
6.1 Historical Considerations	144
6.2 The Required Internal Electromagnetic Symmetry.....	148
6.3 Internal Coulomb Interaction between the Half-Photons.....	151
6.4 Electrostatically Destabilizing Trajectories Intersections	152
6.5 Photons, Electrons, Positrons, Exclusively Made of Kinetic Energy	154
6.6 Distribution of Kinetic Energy within a Localized Photon.....	160
6.7 The Neglected Classical Maxwellian Space Geometry	161
6.8 Discrete Particles as the Only Possible Support of Electromagnetic Properties	164
6.9 The Issue of Intensity Conservation with Maxwell's Spherically Expanding Wave Concept	165
6.10 Applying Electromagnetic Properties to Maxwell's Spherically	

Expanding Wave's Point-Like Initial State	168
6.11 Expanding the Space Geometry beyond Normal 3D Space.....	170
6.12 Defining a Major Unit Vectors Superset.....	174
6.13 Electromagnetic Oscillation Energy-Driven Rather Than Fields- Driven	175
6.14 The Underlying Kinetic Energy Circulation	177
6.15 Applying Plane Wave Treatment to the Permanently Localized Double Particle Photon	178
6.16 The Double-Particle Photon Involves 2 Charges	179
6.17 Defining the Double-Particle Photon LC Equation and Local Fields Equation	180
6.17.1 Macroscopic LRC Circuits	180
6.17.2 The Photon as a LC Oscillator.....	181
6.17.3 Defining the Photon Capacitance (C).....	182
6.17.4 Defining the Photon Inductance (L)	182
6.17.5 The Photon Maximum Displacement Current (<i>i</i>)	183
6.17.6 The Photon General LC Equation.....	184
6.17.7 The Photon General Local Fields Equation.....	185
6.17.8 The Photon Default Self-Guiding in Straight Line and Self-Propelling at the Speed of Light.....	186
6.17.9 The Deflection Angle of Photons' Trajectories	190
6.18 Kinetic Energy Behavior as an Incompressible Material.....	194
6.18.1 The Distance Related Counterpart to Planck's Time Related Constant	195
6.18.2 Relating Planck's Constant h to Intensity Constant H (hc)	196
6.18.3 Reconstructing de Broglie's Equations	198
6.18.4 Analysis of Constant \hbar ($\hbar = h/2\pi$)	200
6.18.5 The Bohr Atom Angular Momentum and Quantum Mechanics	202
6.18.6 Heisenberg's Uncertainty Principle.....	202

7 UNIFYING ALL CLASSICAL FORCE EQUATIONS

7.1 Force of Gravity Inversely Proportional to the Square of the Distance	205
7.2 Electrostatic Force Inversely Proportional to the Square of the Distance	208
7.3 The Questionable Traditional Ratio of Electrostatic vs Gravitational Forces.....	209
7.4 The Mass of the Sun is embedded into the Gravitational Constant (G).....	210
7.5 Embedding the Proton Mass into an adapted Gravitational Constant....	211
7.6 Repairing the Classical Ratio Inconsistency	212
7.7 Simplifying the Central Mass Out of the Force Equation.....	213
7.7.1 How to Obtain a First Directly Measured Massive Reference in the Solar System	214
7.8 Deriving Force Equation $F=ma$ From the Gravitational Force	

Equation.....	216
7.9 Deriving Force Equation $F=ma$ From the Coulomb Equation.....	217
7.10 Relating the Lorentz Force Equation To $F=ma$	219
7.10.1 Deriving $F=ma$ From the Lorentz Magnetic Force Equation $F=evB$	220
7.10.2 Deriving $F=ma$ From the Lorentz Electric Force Equation $F=e\alpha E$	222
7.11 Conclusion.....	223
8 THE ELECTRON MAGNETIC MOMENT "ANOMALY"	
8.1 Straight Line Motion and Equal Ambient Electric and Magnetic Energy Densities	225
8.2 Circular Motion and the Bohr Magneton	227
8.3 Circular Motion and Unequal Energy Densities of Both Fields	227
8.4 The Electron g Factor	229
8.5 Higher Ambient Magnetic Energy Density for Circular Motion	230
8.6 Lower Corresponding Ambient Electric Field for Circular Motion	230
8.7 The Electron Magnetic Drift g Factor is an Ad Hoc Quantity	230
8.8 Magnetic Drift due to Circular Motion or distance from the nucleus from First Principles	231
8.9 Deriving the Fine Structure Constant (α) From Theory.....	235
8.10 Conclusions	236
9 THE MAGNETIC INVERSE CUBE LAW AND MAGNETIC MONOPOLES	237
9.1 Geometric Coincidence by Structure of the Magnetic Poles of Localized Elementary Particles	238
9.2 Geometric Coincidence by Structure of the Magnetic Poles of Circular Loudspeaker Magnets.....	240
9.3 Antiparallel and Parallel Relative Spins	240
9.4 Inverse Cube Interaction versus Inverse Square Interaction	242
9.5 Localization versus Delocalization	242
9.6 The Einstein-de Haas and Barnett Effects	244
9.7 The Localization of Parallel and Antiparallel Electrons Pairs	244
9.8 The Configuration of the Magnetic Poles in Elementary Particle	245
9.9 Experimental Confirmation of the Magnetostatic Inverse Cube Law....	247
9.9.1 Description of the Apparatus	248
9.9.2 Procedure	249
9.9.3 Collected Experimental Data.....	249
9.9.4 Analysis of the Data.....	250
9.9.5 Comparing Loudspeaker Magnets to Bar Magnets	252
9.9.6 The Proof of Cyclic Magnetic Fields Polarity Reversal when North and South Poles Geometrically Coincide	254
9.9.7 The Relative Magnetic Fields Inverse Cube Interaction between Circular Magnets	255
9.10 The Electron-Nucleon Predominantly Repulsive Magnetic	

Interaction	257
9.10.1 The Equilibrium between Two Opposing Forces	257
9.10.2 End of the Reign of the Heisenberg Uncertainty Principle?	258
9.11 The General Electrons-Nuclei Electromagnetic Equilibrium	259
9.11.1 The Composite Orbiting Electron Magnetic Moment (μ_1).....	261
9.11.2 The Hydrogen Nucleon Magnetic Moment (μ_2).....	263
9.11.3 The Orbiting Electron Rest Mass Magnetic Moment (μ_e).....	264
9.11.4 The Orbiting Electron Magnetic Field (B_e)	264
9.12 The Proton Composite Magnetic Moment	265
9.12.1 The Effective Energy Density of the Proton's Components	266
9.12.2 The Magnetic Moments of the Proton Components.....	267
9.12.3 Calculation of the Magnetic Drift of the Proton Components	268
9.13 Conclusions	271
10 THE EINSTEIN-DE HAAS AND BARNETT EFFECTS	
10.1 The Suspended Ferromagnetic Cylinder Experiment	273
10.2 The Rotating Ferromagnetic Rod Experiment	274
10.3 Interpretation of the Experiments.....	274
10.4 Setting the Einstein-de Haas Cylinder in Motion	276
10.5 The Establishment of a Magnetic Field in a Barnett's Rod.....	277
10.6 On Forced Immobilization of Carrier-Photons Unidirectional Kinetic Energy	277
10.7 Rotation Velocities at the Surface of the Earth.....	279
10.8 Compensated Versus Uncompensated Rotation and Translation Motion.....	281
10.8.1 Energy Expenditure for Each Net Change in Direction	282
10.8.2 Forced Translational Motion of Particles Making Up Rotating Bodies.....	284
10.8.3 Permanently Compensated Translational Motion	284
10.8.4 Uncompensated Translational Motion.....	285
10.8.5 Evidence of Unradiated Energy Loss by Uncompensated Translational Motion.....	286
10.8.6 Particles Accelerators	286
10.8.7 The Betatron Experiments	287
10.8.8 The Single Cause of Synchrotron Radiation	288
10.8.9 A Confirming Experiment in Deep Space	290
10.8.10 The Pioneer 10/11 Anomalous Axial Spin Slow Down	290
10.8.11 Zitterbewegung	291
10.8.12 Zitterbewegung and Energy Loss	292
10.9 Conclusion.....	295
11 THE MECHANICS OF ELECTRON-POSITRON PAIRS CREATION	297
11.1 The Experimental Proof of Electron-Positron Pair Creation	298
11.2 The Mechanics of Conversion	298
11.3 Stability Before Conversion	300

11.4	Electrostatically Destabilizing Intersection.....	302
11.5	Missing the Trispatial Junction Rendezvous.....	302
11.6	The Initiating Elliptical Orbit within Electrostatic Space	303
11.7	The Energy Crossing Over from Normal Space into Electrostatic Space.....	304
11.8	The Speed of Light is the Escape Velocity of the Pair	306
11.9	Why Perfectly Circular Orbits about Central Masses are Impossible.....	306
11.10	The Velocity on Circular Orbits without Central Mass	307
11.11	Confirming the 1.022 MeV Conversion Threshold	309
11.12	The Inverse Square Distance from the Trispatial Junction	312
11.13	Why Photons with Less Than 1.022 MeV Cannot Decouple Into Pairs	313
11.14	The Stable Electron Inner Electromagnetic Equilibrium	314
11.15	Oscillation between Magnetostatic and Electrostatic Spaces for Photons	315
11.16	Oscillation between Magnetostatic and Normal Spaces for Massive Particles	316
11.17	The Electron Trispatial LC Equation	317
11.18	Introducing the Concept of the Electron Neutrinic Energy.....	319
11.19	The Sign of the Charge Defined as a Pressure on the Orthogonal Plane	321
11.20	What is Mass?	322
11.20.1	The Electron Mass Corresponds to an Electrodynamic Inertia	322
11.20.2	Defining Electrodynamic Inertia	323
11.20.3	Transverse Inertia vs Longitudinal Inertia.....	323
11.20.4	Automatic Conversion of Half Any Added Kinetic Energy Amount to a Relativistic Mass Increment	325
11.21	Conclusion.....	326
12	THE MECHANICS OF NEUTRINOS CREATION	
12.1	The Origins of the Concept of Neutrinos	329
12.2	Experimental Verification of the Existence of Neutrinos	331
12.2.1	Stretching the Definition of "Direct Detection"	332
12.2.2	All Observed Effects are Associated to Muon Decay	333
12.2.3	Electronic Neutrinos have Never Been Detected	334
12.3	How to Stabilize the Neutrinos Theory.....	334
12.3.1	Comparing the Internal Structures of Photon and Electron.....	334
12.3.2	Identifying Neutrinic Energy	335
12.4	The Release of Neutrinic Energy	337
12.4.1	The Release of Electronic Neutrinos	337
12.4.2	The Release of Muonic and Tauic Neutrinos	340
12.4.3	Neutrino Emission Perpendicularly to the Muon Direction of Motion	341
12.5	Why Neutrinos have no Mass and no Charge.....	342

12.6 Conclusion.....	344
13 DERIVING ϵ_0 AND μ_0 FROM FIRST PRINCIPLES	
13.1 Brief History.....	347
13.2 The Speed of Light Calculated From Maxwell's Equations.....	348
13.3 Dimensional Analysis of ϵ_0 and μ_0	350
13.4 The Force at the Electron-Positron Pair Decoupling Radius	352
13.5 The Transverse Travel of a Photon's Energy within Electrostatic Space.....	353
13.6 The Maximum Transverse Decoupling Velocity	355
13.7 Deriving ϵ_0 and μ_0 from the Transverse Acceleration Equation	357
13.8 Cyclic Transverse Acceleration Constants ϵ_0 and μ_0	359
13.9 The Electrostatic Recall Constant	360
13.10 The Fundamental C, m, s Dimensions Subset.....	361
13.11 The Fundamental Charges Acceleration Equation.....	363
13.12 Defining the Fundamental Electromagnetic Equation Set	363
13.13 Definitions of ϵ_0 and μ_0 in terms of other fundamental constants	367
13.14 Conclusion.....	367
14 THE MECHANICS OF PROTONS AND NEUTRONS CREATION	
14.1 The Internal Structure of Nucleons	371
14.2 The Fractional Charges of Up and Down Quarks	373
14.3 Nucleons Construction from Electrons and Positrons	374
14.4 Irreversible Adiabatic Acceleration	376
14.4.1 Initiation of a Neutron Creation Process	376
14.4.2 The Proof of Existence of Tri-Spatial Junctions between Electron-Positron Pairs	376
14.4.3 Irreversible Acceleration	379
14.4.4 Translation of the Three Quarks about Two Orthogonal Axes	381
14.5 Irreversible Adiabatic Energy Induction by Initial Triad Acceleration and Non-Adiabatic Energy Emission.....	382
14.6 The Conversion of Bremsstrahlung Photons to Mesons.....	382
14.7 The Conversion of Mesons to More Photons and e^+ and e^-	383
14.8 The Issue of Up and Down Quarks' Fractional Charges	384
14.9 The Closer to the Tri-Spatial Junction the Smaller the Charge	386
14.10 The Proof That the Attraction Comes From the Tri-Spatial Junctions	389
14.11 The Structure of the Triad in Electrostatic Space	391
14.12 Mathematizing the Triad Structure	394
14.13 Deriving the Coulomb Equation from Maxwell's First Equation.	394
14.14 Dimensional Analysis of the Coulomb Equation.....	396
14.15 Time Based Energy Calculation.....	397
14.16 Distance Based Energy Induction Constant	398
14.17 The Rest Mass Energies of the Up and Down Quarks.....	400
14.18 The Up and Down Quarks Magnetic Stress Constants	400
14.19 Ratios Involving the Fine Structure Constant (α)	401

14.20	The General Rest Masses Equation for the Electron and the Up and Down Quarks	403
14.21	The Rotation of the Triad in Electrostatic Space	404
14.22	The Velocity and Energy of the Up and Down Quarks about the Normal Space Axis	405
14.23	The Velocity and Energy of Up and Down Quarks about the Coplanar Axis	408
14.24	The Variable Effective Mass of Complex Particles	410
14.25	Conversion from Neutron State to Proton State.....	413
14.25.1	The Magnetic Presence of Up and Down Quarks	413
14.25.2	Neutron Instability and Decay	414
14.25.3	The Internal Structure of the Proton	415
14.25.4	The Drifting of the Normal Axis Half Way towards the Up Quarks	415
14.25.5	The Total Stability of the Dynamic Structure of the Proton.....	416
14.25.6	Antiprotons and Antineutrons.....	417
14.26	Experimental Verification	418
14.26.1	Detection in High Energy Accelerators	418
14.26.2	Second Generation Process.....	418
14.26.3	Confirmation of Pair Production via Photons Interaction	419
14.27	Conclusion.....	421
15	THE SUN'S CORONA	
15.1	Summary Description of the Corona.....	423
15.1.1	Unexplained Coronal Temperatures in the Millions °K	423
15.1.2	Hundreds of Billions of Tons of Material Expelled Each Day	425
15.2	Overabundance of Elements in the Corona.....	425
15.2.1	The Three Fold Overabundance of Detected Metals	425
15.2.2	The Two Thousand Fold Overabundance of Helium	426
15.2.3	All Stars Have Coronas	426
15.3	Positron Production in the Corona	427
15.3.1	Abundance of 1.022+ MeV Photons in the Corona.....	428
15.4	Hypothesis of Nucleon Genesis in the Corona	428
15.5	Nucleogenesis Bremsstrahlung Energy in the Corona.....	430
15.5.1	The Nucleogenesis Driven 227 Fold Increase in Ambient Energy	431
15.5.2	Quantities of Nucleogenesis Mesons Detected in the Corona.....	431
15.5.3	The Quantities of Extra e^+ and e^- Produced From Mesons Decay	432
15.6	Abundance of Triggering 1.022+ MeV Photons.....	433
15.6.1	The Thermalization of Energetic Electrons and Positrons	433
15.6.2	The Creation of Already Thermal Pairs.....	434
15.6.3	The Verified Creation of Thermal Pairs in the Corona	434

15.7	Nucleogenesis and Nucleisynthesis in the Corona.....	435
15.7.1	Continuous Nucleon Genesis by Low Level Chain Reaction	435
15.7.2	Protons and Neutrons Produced in Statistically Equal Numbers.....	435
15.7.3	The Production of All Elements Favored by the Presence of Crowds of Free Thermal Nucleons.....	436
15.7.4	The Experimental Proof of Continuous Production of Elements in the Corona by Absorption of Neutrons.....	436
15.8	The Birth of Planetary Systems.....	437
15.8.1	The Solar Winds	437
15.8.2	The Expulsion of 6.7 Billion Tons of Material per Hour	438
15.8.3	Coronal Mass Ejections (CME).....	439
15.8.4	CMEs Expel Each Day up to 125 Times More Material than Solar Winds.....	439
15.8.5	The Total Mass of the Planetary System Ejected in Less than 2,275 Billion Years	440
15.8.6	All of the Matter in the Planetary System originates from the Corona.....	441
15.8.7	Every Star Can Develop a Planetary System.....	442
15.9	Conclusions	443
16	INSIDE PLANETS AND STARS MASSES	
16.1	Matter in the Universe.....	445
16.1.1	The Stable Elementary Particles	445
16.1.2	The Unstable and Virtual Particles	446
16.2	The Internal Structure of Nucleons	447
16.3	The Up and Down Quarks Fractional Charges	447
16.4	The Electrostatic Force Related Interaction between Charged Particles.....	448
16.4.1	The Standard Model	448
16.4.2	The Special Case of the Electromagnetic Force	448
16.4.3	The Electrostatic Repulsion Between Like Sign Particles	449
16.4.4	The Electrostatic Attraction Between Opposite Signs Particles.....	451
16.5	The Four Ranges of Electrostatic Attractive Force Application	452
16.5.1	Primary Attractors	452
16.5.2	Secondary Attractors	454
16.5.3	Tertiary Attractors	456
16.5.4	Temporary Local Attractors	458
16.5.5	Fourth Order Electrostatic Attractors	458
16.5.6	Freefall Towards Least Action Electromagnetic Equilibrium States.....	459
16.5.7	Temporary Far Attractors	462
16.6	Nucleon Adiabatic Expansion as Atoms Get Nearer to One Another	464

16.7 Unidirectional Adiabatic Kinetic Energy Expressed as a Pressure.....	465
16.8 Adiabatic Compression of Electronic Orbitals	466
16.9 Pressure Induced Adiabatic Heat Increase	470
16.10 Star Ignition Threshold by Decoupling of Carrier-Photons	
Reaching 1.022 MeV	471
16.10.1 The Triggering Threshold of the Fusion Chain Reaction	
in Stars	472
16.10.2 First Stage Neutrons Production and Immediate Capture	473
16.10.3 Initial Explosive Ignition of Stars.....	474
16.10.4 Natural Proton-Neutron-Proton Fusion	475
16.11 Reproducing the Corona's Extreme Temperature Generating	
Process and the Star Ignition Process	476
16.11.1 The Corona Engine	476
16.11.2 The Free Electron Lasers (FEL)	477
16.11.3 The Fusion Reactor.....	478
16.11.4 Critical and Supercritical Velocities	478
16.12 The Anomalous Acceleration of Pioneers 10 and 11	479
16.13 The Unexplained Excess Acceleration during Close Planetary	
Flybys	483
16.14 The Cyclic Annual Variation in Earth's Rotation Rate	485
16.15 The Earth's Rotation Rate Progressive Slowing Down	487
16.16 The Moon Orbit Progressive Widening	487
16.17 The Cyclic Solar System Galactic Orbit Variation.....	488
16.18 Mass Variation during Solar Eclipses	490
16.19 Nuclear binding energy	491
16.20 Conclusive Experimental Proof Experiment.....	492
16.21 Conclusions	493
17 THE BIRTH OF THE UNIVERSE AND THE TIME DIMENSION	
17.1 Historical Considerations	495
17.2 The First Electrons and Positrons	498
17.3 The First Protons and Neutrons and the Principle of	
Conservation of Energy	499
17.4 The Ongoing Generation of Electrons, Positrons, Protons and	
Neutrons.....	500
17.5 The Origin of the First Two Primordial Photons	501
17.6 The 9 Inner Dimensions of the Tri-spatial Space Geometry.....	501
17.7 The "Time" Dimension	501
17.7.1 The Objective Time Flow	502
17.7.2 The Objective "Present Moment".....	502
17.7.3 The "now" Moment	503
17.7.4 The Objective Motion of the Present Moment	503
17.7.5 Objective Data Perception Only as the "Present Moment"	
Progresses	504
17.8 The Progression of the "Present Moment"	505
17.8.1 The Subjective Time.....	505

17.8.2 The Objective Time	506
17.8.3 The Locally Variable Progression of the “Present Moment” in SR and GR.....	506
17.8.4 Alternate Explanation to the so-called “Proof” of Time Dilation	507
17.8.5 The Universally Constant Progression of the “Present Moment”	508
17.8.6 The Progression of the “Present Moment” Sustained by Unidirectional Energy.....	508
17.8.7 The Existence of the "Present Moment" More Fundamental than that of the Universe	509
17.8.8 A Momentary Slowing Down of the Progression of the “Present Moment” Could have Produced the First Photons!	509
17.8.9 Let There be Light!.....	510
17.9 The Progression "Speed" of the “Present Moment”.....	511
17.10 Conclusion.....	512
18 PROPOSAL FOR AN INVARIANT STANDARD KILOGRAM MASS REFERENCE	
18.1 Summary	515
18.2 Brief History.....	515
18.3 Argument.....	518
18.4 A Universal and Invariant Mass Standard	520
18.5 Confirming Experiment	523
19 THE LAST CHALLENGE OF MODERN PHYSICS	
19.1 The Objective Physical Reality	525
19.2 Destructive vs Non-destructive scattering	525
19.3 Non-destructive Scattering.....	526
19.4 Destructive Scattering	528
19.5 Virtual Particles.....	533
19.6 Unstable Complex Particles	534
19.7 Unstable Elementary Particles	534
19.8 Stable Complex Particles	535
19.9 Stable Elementary Particles.....	535
19.10 Neutrinos	537
19.11 The Stable Matter of the Universe	538
19.12 The Nature of Stable Elementary Particles	539
19.13 Proof that Photons and Electrons are made of the Same Substance ..	540
19.14 The Electromagnetic Mechanics of Elementary Particles	542
19.15 Expanding the Space Geometry	544
19.16 Defining a distance based quantum of action	547
19.17 Separating the carrying energy of a particle from the energy of its rest mass.....	551
19.18 The trispacial LC equation for permanently localized photons.....	552
19.19 The trispacial LC equations describing the rest masses of the electron and the positron.....	554

19.20 The trispatial LC equations describing a moving electron.....	555
19.21 The last challenge.....	557
19.22 The Fractional Charges of Up and Down Quarks.....	560
19.23 The trispatial LC equations of the up and down quarks.....	561
19.24 Conclusion.....	563
APPENDIX A - ORIGINAL QUOTES	565
APPENDIX B - DERIVATION OF THE RELATIVISTIC ENERGY-MOMENTUM EQUATION.....	567
REFERENCES.....	569

Availability

Most aspects of the electromagnetic mechanics of elementary particles developed in the frame of the tri-spatial geometry have been made available in a series of separate articles freely available.

Some aspects however could not coherently be integrated into such a series of separate papers, but are completely integrated into the complete and final monograph that describes the 3-spaces model and that allows reconciling electromagnetism with Quantum Mechanics, Relativistic Mechanics and gravitation. Published by **Scholars' Press**.

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Electromagnetic Mechanics of Elementary Particles

Description of a spacetime geometry that allows representing the mutual induction of electric energy and magnetic energy within elementary particles in motion in conformity with Maxwell's equations. This new geometry draws attention to the fact that adiabatic kinetic energy is continuously induced in all elementary particles captive within atomic structures, which is linked to an atomic axial mass variation effect related to the local intensity of the gravitational gradient, which sheds an entirely new light on gravitation, since it can be demonstrated that these least action electromagnetic equilibrium states determine the local intensity of the gravitational gradient on top of determining the orbital resonance states revealed by Quantum Mechanics. This book explores the foundations of an electromagnetic mechanics of elementary particles whose laws apply by structure to the sub-microscopic level, the macroscopic level and the astronomical level, thus allowing the reconciliation of electromagnetism, Quantum Mechanics, Relativistic Mechanics and gravitation.



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